## B. ROBOT

A coordinate plane is planned to be cleaned using a robot cleaner. The robot has a square shape of size $k \times k$, the edges are parallel to the coordinate axis. Initially, the lower left corner of the robot is at point $(0 ; 0)$, the upper right corner is at point $(\mathrm{k} ; \mathrm{k})$. Given a series of n movements on the plane, the i-th movement is characterized by the direction of movement, taking the values ' N ' (up, increasing Y coordinate), 'S' (down, decreasing Y coordinate), ' W ' (left, decreasing X coordinate) or 'E' (right, increasing $X$ coordinate) and integer $a_{i}$ - the distance the robot moves.


The robot cleans the entire area underneath it at any time. In other words, a point is considered clean if and only if it belongs to a square of size $\mathrm{k} \times \mathrm{k}$ in which the robot occupies at some time. Based on the given movements of the robot, calculate the total area of the entire cleaned surface.

## INPUT

The first line contains two integers: the size of robot k and the number of movements $\mathrm{n}\left(1 \leq \mathrm{k} \leq 10^{4} ; 1 \leq \mathrm{n} \leq 10^{5}\right)$. The $i$-th line in the next $n$ lines contains the direction of movement $d_{i}$ and the distance of movement $a_{i}\left(d_{i}-\right.$ are the letters 'N', 'S', 'W' or 'E'; $1 \leq \mathrm{a}_{\mathrm{i}} \leq 10^{9}$ )

## OUTPUT

Print the total surface area cleaned by the robot.

| Sample Input | Sample Output |
| :--- | :--- |
| 15 | 17 |
| E 2 |  |
| N 2 |  |
| W 4 |  |
| S 4 |  |
| E 4 |  |
| 34 |  |
| W 2 |  |
| N 1 |  |
| W 1 |  |
| N 2 |  |




