## GCD query

## Problem ID: gcdquery

You are given an array $a$ of $n$ positive integers $a_{1}, a_{2}, \ldots, a_{n}$. There are $q$ queries in the form $\ell r d$. For each query, you need to find the number of sub-arrays within the range from $\ell$ to $r$ whose greatest common divisor are less than or equal to $d$. More formally, you are about to count how many pairs of indices $(u, v)$ such that:

- $\ell \leq u \leq v \leq r ;$
- $\operatorname{gcd}\left(a_{u}, a_{u+1}, \ldots, a_{v-1}, a_{v}\right) \leq d$


## Input

The first line of input contains 2 integers $n$ and $q\left(1 \leq n \leq 2 \times 10^{5}, 1 \leq q \leq 2 \times 10^{5}\right)$.
The second line contains $n$ positive integers $a_{1}, a_{2}, \ldots, a_{n}\left(1 \leq a_{i} \leq 10^{9}\right)$ describing the given array. On the next $q$ lines, each contains 3 integers $\ell r d\left(1 \leq \ell \leq r \leq n, 1 \leq d \leq 10^{9}\right)$ describing a query.

## Output

For each query, you need to print the answer in one line.

| Sample Input $\mathbf{1}$ |  |  |  | Sample Output 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 5   12   <br> 3 9 6 2 8 4 4 <br> 1 5 3   12  <br> 2 4 3   9  <br> 1 5 4   6  <br> 2 6 2     <br> 1 6 1     |  |  |  |  |

