## Problem K: Matrix Operations

Time limit: 1s; Memory limit: 256 MB

Given a matrix A of size $(n+1) \times(m+1)$ with zero-based indexing. Initially all the elements in the matrix $A_{i j}$ are assigned the value 0 for all $i \in[0, \cdots, n]$ and $j \in$ $[0, \cdots, m]$. Next you have k operations, each operation you are given 4 integers $x_{l}, y_{l}, w_{l}, h_{l}$ and your task is to perform increment by 1 for all $A_{i j}$ satisfying $i \in$ $\left[x_{l}, \cdots, x_{l}+w_{l}\right]$ and $j \in\left[y_{l}, \cdots, y_{l}+h_{l}\right]$.

The question for you is after finishing all the operations, answer the following 3 questions:

- Count the number of odd elements in the matrix?
- Find the smallest value of $j \times(n+1)+i$ that satisfy the condition that $A_{i j}$ is odd number?
- Find the largest value of $j \times(n+1)+i$ that satisfy the condition that $A_{i j}$ is odd number?


## Input

The first line contains 3 integers $n, m$ and $k .\left(0 \leq n, m \leq 10^{6}, 1 \leq k \leq 20\right)$.
Next $k$ lines: each line contains 4 integers $x_{l}, y_{l}, w_{l}, h_{l}\left(0 \leq x_{l} \leq n, 0 \leq y_{l} \leq\right.$ $\left.m, 0 \leq w_{l} \leq n-x_{l}, 0 \leq h_{l} \leq m-y_{l}\right)$.

## Output

Print out 3 intergers representing the answers. If the number of odd elements in the matrix is 0 , please print out " $0-1-1$ ".

## Sample

| Input | Output |
| :--- | :--- |
| 221 | 201 |
| 0010 | 429 |
| 233 |  |
| 00 | 23 |
| 0 | 10 |
| 1112 | $0-1-1$ |
| 232 |  |
| 0 | 023 |
| 0 | 023 |

