

The 2022 ICPC Vietnam Southern Provincial Programming Contest University of Science, VNU-HCM October 30th, 2022



Problem G Longest Subsequence Time Limit: 1 second

Memory Limit: 512 megabytes

You are given a permutation of *n* numbers from 1 to *n*, which are $p_1, p_2, ..., p_n$, and *m* pairs of indices (u, v) where $1 \le u, v \le n$. You can perform a series of moves based on these pairs. In each move, you can choose one pair and swap two numbers at the positions *u* and *v* in the permutation *p*. One pair can be used as many times as you want.

An increasing subsequence of length k in p is

 $p_{j_1} < p_{j_2} < \dots < p_{j_k}$ and $j_1 < j_2 < \dots < j_k$

Let max_k be the length of the longest increasing subsequence of p.

Your task is to perform multiple moves to get a permutation p that has the maximum value of max_k .

Input

The first line contains two integers n and m.

The second line contains the permutation $p_1, p_2, ..., p_n$.

In the next m lines, each line contains two integers u, v.

Constraints

$$1 \le n \le 10^4; 0 \le m \le \left(10^5, \frac{n(n-1)}{2}\right)$$

Output

The output contains only one integer, which is the maximum value of max_k .

Sample Input	Sample Output
6 2	4
5 2 4 6 3 1	
5 6	
1 5	

Explanation

We should make two moves (5, 6) and (1, 5) to get the permutation (1, 2, 4, 6, 5, 3).